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Swyddfeydd Dinesig, Stryd yr Angel, Pen-y-bont, CF31 4WB / Civic Offices, Angel Street, Bridgend, CF31 4WB

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Annwyl Cynghorydd,

#### Cyfarwyddiaeth y Prif Weithredwr / Chief **Executive's Directorate**

Deialu uniongyrchol / Direct line /: 01656 643148 /

643147 / 643694

Gofynnwch am / Ask for: Gwasanaethau

Democrataidd

Ein cyf / Our ref: Eich cyf / Your ref:

Dyddiad/Date: Dydd Gwener, 17 Medi 2021

#### **PWYLLGOR CRAFFU TESTUN 2**

Cynhelir Cyfarfod Pwyllgor Craffu Testun 2 yn o bell - trwy Dimau Microsoft ar Dydd Iau, 23 Medi 2021 am 09:30.

#### **AGENDA**

1. Ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb Derbyn ymddiheuriadau am absenoldeb gan Aelodau.

#### 2. Datganiadau o fuddiant

Derbyn datganiadau o ddiddordeb personol a rhagfarnol (os o gwbl) gan Aelodau / Swyddogion yn unol â darpariaethau'r Cod Ymddygiad Aelodau a fabwysiadwyd gan y Cyngor o 1 Medi 2008.

#### 3. Cymeradwyaeth Cofnodion

I dderbyn am gymeradwyaeth y Cofnodion cyfarfod y 17 06 21

9 - 36

3 - 8

#### 4. Strategaeth Cymorth Cynnar a Pharhad Gwahoddwyr:

Lindsay Harvey - Cyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol - Addysg a Chymorth i Deuluoedd Claire Marchant - Cyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol - Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Lles Cynghorydd Nicole Burnett - Aelod Cabinet - Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Chymorth Cynnar

Jackie Davies - Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion

Laura Kinsey - Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol I Blant

Nicola Echanis - Pennaeth Addysg a Chefnogaeth i Deuluoedd

Mark Lewis - Rheolwr Grŵp Cymorth i Deuluoedd

Steven Howell - Rheolwr Grwp, Lleoliadau a Gwasanaethau Darparwyr

Iain McMillan - Rheolwr Grwp, Y Gyfarwyddiaeth Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Lles

5. Ail-gomisiynu Gofal a Chefnogaeth Rheoledig yn y Cartref 37 - 48

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#### Gwahoddwyr:

Claire Marchant - Cyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol - Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Lles Cynghorydd Nicole Burnett - Aelod Cabinet - Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Chymorth Cynnar

Jackie Davies - Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion Laura Kinsey - Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol I Blant Pete Tyson - Rheolwr Grwp – Comisiynu

#### 6. Diweddariad Rhaglen Gwaith

49 - 58

#### 7. Materion Brys

I ystyried unrhyw eitemau o fusnes y, oherwydd amgylchiadau arbennig y cadeirydd o'r farn y dylid eu hystyried yn y cyfarfod fel mater o frys yn unol â Rhan 4 (pharagraff 4) o'r Rheolau Trefn y Cyngor yn y Cyfansoddiad.

Nodyn: Sylwch: Yn sgil yr angen i gadw pellter cymdeithasol, ni fydd y cyfarfod hwn yn cael ei gynnal yn ei leoliad arferol. Yn hytrach, bydd hwn yn gyfarfod rhithwir a bydd Aelodau a Swyddogion yn mynychu o bell. Bydd y cyfarfod yn cael ei recordio i'w ddarlledu ar wefan y Cyngor cyn gynted ag sy'n ymarferol ar ôl y cyfarfod. Os oes gennych unrhyw gwestiwn am hyn, cysylltwch â cabinet\_committee@bridgend.gov.uk neu ffoniwch 01656 643147 / 643148.

#### Yn ddiffuant

#### K Watson

Prif Swyddog - Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol, Adnoddau Dynol a Rheoleiddio

#### **Dosbarthiad:**

<u>Cynghowrwyr</u>	<u>Cynghorwyr</u>	Cynghorwyr
S Aspey	M Jones	KJ Watts
MC Clarke	MJ Kearn	<b>DBF</b> White
PA Davies	JE Lewis	PJ White
SK Dendy	AA Pucella	AJ Williams
J Gebbie	G Thomas	
M Hughes	SR Vidal	

# Agenda Item 3

#### PWYLLGOR CRAFFU TESTUN 2 - DYDD IAU, 17 MEHEFIN 2021

# <u>COFNODION CYFARFOD Y PWYLLGOR CRAFFU TESTUN 2 A GYNHALIWYD O BELL-TRWY DIMAU MICROSOFT DYDD IAU, 17 MEHEFIN 2021, AM 09:30</u>

#### Presennol

Y Cynghorydd AJ Williams - Cadeirydd

S Aspey MC Clarke PA Davies SK Dendy J Gebbie M Jones JE Lewis CA Webster

**DBF White** 

#### Ymddiheuriadau am Absenoldeb

AA Pucella, KJ Watts a/ac PJ White

#### Swyddogion:

Jackie Davies Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol Oedolion

Meryl Lawrence Uwch Swyddog Gwasanaethau Democrataidd - Craffu

Claire Marchant Cyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol - Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Lles

Tracy Watson Swyddog Cymorth Craffu

#### 136. <u>DATGANIADAU O FUDDIANT</u>

Dim

# 137. AROLYGIAETH GOFAL CYMRU (AGC) AROLWG O OFAL CARTREF MEWN GOFAL CYMDEITHASOL I OEDOLION CYNGOR BWRDEISTREF SIROL PEN-Y-BONT AR OGWR

Cyflwynodd Gyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Llesiant yr adroddiad, a'i gyngor oedd ei bod hi'n bwysig i adrodd ar adroddiadau rheoliadol mewn perthynas â Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Llesiant, a oedd yn berthnasol i gylch gwaith y Pwyllgor Craffu hwn. Talodd deyrnged i Bennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion, fel yr unigolyn sy'n gyfrifol am y gwasanaeth, i'r staff a gweithlu'r rheng flaen, yn ogystal â'r Rheolwr Darparwr Gwasanaethau - Cymorth Cartref/Gwasanaethau Llety a'r Rheolwr Gwasanaethau Gweithredol a oedd yn bresennol yn y cyfarfod. Yna cyflwynodd Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion yr adroddiad.

Diolchodd Aelod Cabinet Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Chymorth Cynnar y Swyddogion a oedd yn bresennol am yr adroddiad a'r sylwadau cadarnhaol a dderbyniwyd gan bobl a oedd dan ofal. Roedd hi'n teimlo fod gweithwyr gofal yr Awdurdod yn haeddu derbyn y ganmoliaeth uchaf, ac roedd yn awyddus iawn i ddangos ein diolchgarwch am eu gwaith. Dywedodd ei bod mor falch a diolchgar o bawb am eu cyfraniad.

#### Gofynnodd yr Aelodau'r canlynol:

Nododd un Aelod ei bod hi'n bleser darllen yr adroddiad, gan nodi'r dyfyniad derbyniol ar bwynt 4.3 yr adroddiad. Fel Aelodau, roedd hi'n hawdd craffu a beirniadu ar unrhyw adeg, ond pan dderbynnir arolygiadau ac adroddiadau tebyg i'r rhain, fe ddylid rhannu'r clod hwnnw â phawb yn y Gwasanaeth.

Nododd Aelod arall ei bod hi'n falch o'r ffaith fod gan yr Awdurdod record dda o ran gofalu am bawb. Nododd fod lefelau salwch, heb gyfrif cyfnod y Pandemig, yn eithaf

uchel yn y proffesiwn gofal, a bod hynny'n ddealladwy. Gofynnodd yr Aelod beth oedd y lefelau salwch yn ystod y pandemig.

Esboniodd Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion fod yna gyfnodau ers dechrau'r pandemig, lle'r oedd yr absenoldeb yn uwch. Roedd rhai o'r timau wedi gweld bod gostyngiad o 25% yn nifer y staff. Roedd rhai yn dioddef gyda salwch oedd yn gysylltiedig â Covid-19 a rhai'n hunanynysu fel canlyniad i'r broses profi ac olrhain. Yn y sector gofal, fe welwn fod ffigyrau uchel ymysg staff gofal uniongyrchol er, trwy gydol y pandemig, yr hyn oedd yn bosib oedd edrych ar y gweithlu'n gyffredinol, gyda staff yn barod i fynd i weithio mewn lleoliadau gwahanol er mwyn llenwi'r lefelau salwch hynny. Doedd gan Bennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion y lefelau salwch i law ond, yn y gwasanaethau i oedolion, roedd y sefyllfa ychydig bach yn uwch na'r hyn oedd y flwyddyn flaenorol ac roedd hynny'n cynnwys sefyllfaoedd Covid-19. Roedd rhannau o'r gwasanaeth lle cafwyd lefelau isel o salwch ac eraill lle gwelwyd timau cyfan yn sâl ar rai adegau. Yn ôl y dystiolaeth, yr hyn a ddangosodd yr adroddiad oedd, tra bod rhai lefelau o salwch, roedd y gwasanaeth yn parhau i gyflenwi gofal a chynlluniau cymorth i bawb ac yn gallu delio â phob rhan o'r gwasanaeth a oedd ar waith.

Nododd un Aelod ardaloedd lle mae angen gwelliant yn 4.7 a gofyn sut y deliwyd â'r rhain. Nododd yr Aelod hefyd yn 4.8 y geiriad 'ar sail angen gwybod', gan holi am esboniad.

Eglurodd Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion, ynghylch Rheoliad 60, hysbysiadau o dan y rheoliadau, fod meini prawf clir iawn ynglŷn â phryd y dylid hysbysu AGC, sy'n digwydd trwy system electronig. Wedi i AGC edrych ar ffeiliau unigol, fe nodwyd fod rhai achosion y dylid fod wedi'u riportio heb eu riportio mewn modd swyddogol, er bod tystiolaeth eu bod wedi cael eu trin mewn modd priodol trwy'r atgyfeiriadau diogelu cyffredin. Fe aed i'r afael â hyn yn syth ac mae pob achos bellach yn cael eu riportio trwy'r system hysbysu yn y ffordd briodol. O ran polisïau a gweithdrefnau, roedd peth wmbredd a oedd gofyn cael eu cwblhau er mwyn cofrestru'r gwasanaeth a bod y rheini'n amrywio o ddiogelu, i reoli haint, i'r Polisïau AD Corfforaethol. Pan gofrestrwyd y gwasanaeth ym mis Ionawr 2020, roedd yr holl bolisïau a'r gweithdrefnau hynny eisoes wedi'u diweddaru. Roedd angen adolygu rhai o'r gweithdrefnau yn flynyddol, ond gall rhai eraill fod mewn lle am sawl blwyddyn, er bod rhai yn weithdrefnau cyffredinol i'r sir ac, felly, nid yn unig yn bolisïau a gweithdrefnau yn ymwneud â'r gwasanaeth. Roedd mecanwaith yn ei le i edrych ar yr holl bolisïau a gweithdrefnau gyda rhaglen dreigl o adolygiadau ar eu cyfer.

Yn nhermau'r sylw yn 4.8, mae'n cyfeirio at adeg lle byddai problem diogelwch, e.e. camgymeriad gyda meddyginiaeth. Bryd hynny, fe ddylid atgyfeirio at y tîm diogelu ac yna anfon hysbysiad at AGC trwy eu system ar-lein. Roedd AGC yn tystio fod atgyfeiriadau diogelu wedi'u cynnal ond nid yr hysbysu. Felly, yr hyn sy'n cael ei ddweud ydy mai dim ond at y bobl ac sydd angen gwybod am yr achosion hynny y dylid anfon yr hysbysiadau, gan gynnwys AGC, y tîm diogelu, Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion fel yr Unigolyn Cyfrifol a reoleiddir, ynghyd â'r teuluoedd a'r bobl ynghlwm â'r achos.

Cyfeiriodd un Aelod at dudalen 15, paragraff 3, gan holi os oedd y gwasanaeth bellach wedi ailgydio mewn goruchwyliaethau ffurfiol. Cyfeiriodd yr Aelod hefyd at baragraff 4, gan ofyn am eglurder ynghylch a oedd yr adroddiad sicrwydd ansawdd wedi'i gwblhau a beth oedd y sefyllfa bresennol gyda'r adroddiad diweddaraf.

Yn nhermau'r adroddiad sicrwydd ansawdd, cadarnhaodd y Pennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion fod hyn bellach mewn llaw ac y byddai ar gael. Eglurodd Rheolwr Gwasanaeth Darparwr - Gwasanaethau Cymorth Cartref/Llety, fod goruchwyliaeth mewn cartrefi gofal mewnol wedi parhau yn ystod y pandemig, gan fod

arweinwyr tîm a rheolwyr preswyl ar y safleoedd. Roedd hi ychydig yn wahanol yn y gymuned, gyda staff cartref, gan eu bod yn gweithio ledled y fwrdeistref. Roedd hi'n bwysig iawn gwybod nad oedd modd cynnal cyfarfodydd wyneb-yn-wyneb, oherwydd y cyfyngiadau, er bod galwadau lles wedi parhau. Parhaodd arweinwyr tîm i gynnal ymweliadau ar y cyd i ddod â phobl i mewn i'r gwasanaeth ac ymgymryd ag asesiadau a chynlluniau cymorth, a gweld staff wyneb-yn-wyneb ar ambell un o'r ymweliadau hynny, lle bo'n bosib. Roedd y Tîm bellach yn ôl o ran bod goruchwyliaeth ac arfarnu wedi dechrau.

Esboniodd Rheolwr Gwasanaethau Gweithredol, yn ei maes gwasanaeth hi, fod llawer o'r cymorth a oedd yn ei le wedi'i gynyddu i staff ar lefel goruchwyliaeth fwy ffurfiol trwy osod arweinwyr tîm ayyb., oddi fewn i wasanaethau yn barhaol. Heb allu gwneud defnydd o leoliadau swyddfa, roedd gofyn ystyried dulliau eraill o oruchwylio, e.e. yn rhithiol ayyb. O ran goruchwyliaeth wyneb-yn-wyneb uniongyrchol, roedd y Tîm bellach yn ôl ar waith, er bod gofyn parhau i fod yn ymwybodol o'r cyfyngiadau sydd dal yn bodoli ac addasu i'r rheini. Un maes a gynyddodd yn ystod yr amser oedd yr opsiwn goruchwyliaeth grŵp, yn hytrach nag un i un yn unig, a oedd yn ymddangos yn fodd effeithiol o gefnogaeth i staff ac yn rhywbeth sy'n cael ei gario 'mlaen.

Nododd yr Aelod Cabinet dros y Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Chymorth Cynnar fod y gwasanaethau cymdeithasol a gofal cymdeithasol, yn benodol, yn parhau i fod dan straen anhygoel a bod y gweithlu dan bwysedd gyda phobl yn gadael y gwasanaeth gofal i fod yn ôl at swyddi manwerthu a lletygarwch wrth i'r economi ailgydio. Roedd anawsterau mawr o ran recriwtio ar gyfer y swyddi pwysig hyn ac fe apeliodd i Aelodau etholedig i hyrwyddo a chreu cyfleoedd i ledaenu cyhoeddusrwydd ar gyfer gyrfa mewn gofal cymdeithasol, ymysg y rhai hynny o fewn y gymuned a fyddai'n addas ar gyfer y gwaith ac sydd o bosib yn chwilio am waith.

Gofynnodd un Aelod os oedd yr un broblem yn bodoli oddi fewn i'r sectorau annibynnol hefyd ac yn bryder i'r awdurdod.

Dechreuodd Cyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol – Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Llesiant, trwy ategu'r hyn a ddywedodd yr Aelod Cabinet, fod cadw gweithwyr yn gyntaf oll, ond yna recriwtio i swyddi gofal yn heriol, yn y gwasanaeth mewnol, yn ogystal â'r sector annibynnol. Roedd gan bobl llawer o ddewis a gorau po fwyaf y gellir ei wneud, ar y cyd, i hyrwyddo gweithio a chyfleoedd o fewn i'r sector, gan gynnwys boddhad gwaith a'r gwahaniaeth y gallai pobl ei wneud.

Diolchodd y Cadeirydd i Gyfarwyddwr Corfforaethol – Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Llesiant a Phennaeth Gofal Cymdeithasol i Oedolion am eu hadroddiad a rhoddodd ddiolch a llongyfarchiadau mawr i'r staff am adroddiad mor gadarnhaol, gan ddiolch hefyd iddyn nhw am eu gwaith caled a'u hymrwymiad parhaus.

<u>PENDERFYNWYD</u>: Bod y Pwyllgor yn nodi cynnwys yr adroddiad ac yn nodi cynnwys yr adroddiad arolygu terfynol a geir yn Atodiad A.

#### 138. ADRODDIAD ENWEBU PENCAMPWR RHIANTA CORFFORAETHOL

Cyflwynodd Prif Swyddog y Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol, Adnoddau Dynol a Rheoleiddio adroddiad, gyda'r pwrpas o ofyn i'r Pwyllgor i enwebu un Aelod fel ei Bencampwr Rhianta Corfforaethol i gynrychioli'r Pwyllgor fel aelod sy'n cael ei wahodd i gyfarfodydd Rhianta Corfforaethol Pwyllgor y Cabinet.

Gwahoddwyd enwebiadau gan y Cadeirydd, ac yn dilyn hynny

<u>PENDERFYNWYD:</u> Y dylid enwebu'r Cynghorydd. P J White i gynrychioli'r

Pwyllgor Trosolwg a Chraffu Testun 2 fel un fyddai'n cael ei wahodd i gyfarfodydd Rhiant Corfforaethol Pwyllgor y

Cabinet.

#### 139. ENWEBIAD I BANEL CRAFFU BWRDD Y GWASANAETHAU CYHOEDDUS

Cyflwynodd Prif Swyddog y Gwasanaethau Cyfreithiol, AD a Rheoleiddio adroddiad, gyda'r pwrpas o ofyn i'r Pwyllgor i enwebu un Aelod i eistedd ar Banel Craffu Bwrdd y Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus.

Gwahoddwyd enwebiadau gan y Cadeirydd, ac yn dilyn hynny

<u>PENDERFYNWYD:</u> Y dylid enwebu'r Cynghorydd. P J White i gynrychioli'r

Pwyllgor Trosolwg a Chraffu Testun 2 fel un sy'n cael ei

wahodd i gyfarfodydd Panel Craffu Bwrdd y

Gwasanaethau Cyhoeddus.

#### 140. Y DIWEDDARAF AR Y BLAENRAGLEN WAITH

Cyflwynodd Uwch-swyddog Gwasanaethau Democrataidd - Craffu, amlinelliad drafft arfaethedig y Blaenraglen Waith (BRW) (Atodiad A) i'r pwyllgor i'w drafod a'i ystyried, gan ofyn i unrhyw wybodaeth benodol a nodir gan y Pwyllgor gan ei chynnwys yn yr eitemau ar gyfer y ddau gyfarfod nesaf, gan gynnwys gwahoddedigion maen nhw'n dymuno iddyn nhw fynychu, gofyn i'r Pwyllgor nodi unrhyw eitemau pellach i'w hystyried ar y Blaenraglen Waith gyda golwg ar y meini prawf dewis ym mharagraff 4.6 a gofyn i'r Pwyllgor i nodi y byddai adroddiad ar ddrafft arfaethedig y Blaenrhaglenni Gwaith ar gyfer y Pwyllgor yng nghyfarfod nesaf COSC, gyda sylwadau gan bob Pwyllgor Trosolwg a Chraffu Testun priodol, yn dilyn ystyriaeth yn eu Cyfarfodydd ym mis Mehefin.

Trafododd Aelodau'r Pwyllgor y canlynol:

Holodd Aelod a fyddai'r adroddiad ar Raglen Strategol y Gwasanaethau Cymdeithasol a Llesiant, a oedd yn dod i'r pwyllgor ym mis Gorffennaf, yn gallu delio ynghylch sut oedd y gwasanaeth am weithredu yn y flwyddyn sydd i ddod, o ran gweithio o bell ac o gartref, a beth all hynny ei olygu i'r gwasanaeth ac a fyddai/os bydd pethau'n gwella.

Gofynnodd Aelodau'r Pwyllgor am y diweddaraf ar y canlynol:

- 1. Beth sy'n digwydd ynghylch gweithio o bell / wyneb-yn-wyneb i'r Aelodau yn y flwyddyn o'n blaenau?
- 2. Mae staff wedi derbyn Cyfarpar Sgrin Arddangos ar gyfer gweithio o gartref, ond beth am y gofynion i Aelodau i gwblhau asesiadau CSA?
- A roddwyd ystyriaeth i Aelodau o ran amseroedd addas ar gyfer cyfarfodydd / egwyl?

Cododd Aelod y mater ynghylch y ffaith nad oedd ymateb wedi bod i'r cwestiynau a geisiwyd yn y cyfarfod blaenorol ynghylch Diogelu. Yn ôl y Cadeirydd, fe fyddai'n cael ei godi gyda'r Gyfarwyddiaeth yng Nghyfarfod nesaf y Swyddogion Cynllunio, sef yr angen i ymateb mewn da bryd.

Ni chafwyd fod unrhyw eitemau pellach i'w hystyried ar y Blaenraglen Waith gyda golwg ar y meini prawf dewis yn 4.6, ac y gellid ailedrych ar hyn yn y cyfarfod nesaf.

Ni chafwyd unrhyw geisiadau i gynnwys gwybodaeth benodol yn yr eitem ar gyfer y cyfarfod nesaf.

PENDERFYNWYD: Bod y Pwyllgor yn ystyried a chytuno ar amlinelliad drafft

arfaethedig y Blaenraglen Waith yn Atodiad A, gan nodi y byddai adroddiad ar y Blaenrhaglenni Gwaith drafft arfaethedig ac unrhyw adborth gan y Pwyllgor, yn cael eu hadrodd yn ôl yng nghyfarfod

nesaf COSC.

#### 141. **EITEMAU BRYS**

Dim

Daeth y cyfarfod i ben am 13:00



#### **BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL**

#### REPORT TO SUBJECT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 2

#### **23 SEPTEMBER 2021**

JOINT REPORT OF THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING AND THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR EDUCATION AND FAMILY SUPPORT

#### EARLY HELP AND PERMANENCE STRATEGY

#### 1. Purpose of report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to update scrutiny members with progress in implementing the Early Help and Permanence Strategy and to seek feedback on the revised draft strategy (attached as **Appendix 1**) to the report.
- 2. Connection to corporate well-being objectives/other corporate priorities
- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate well-being objectives under the **Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015**:
  - Supporting a successful sustainable economy taking steps to make the
    county borough a great place to do business, for people to live, work, study
    and visit, and to ensure that our schools are focussed on raising the skills,
    qualifications and ambitions for all people in the county borough.
  - Helping people and communities to be more healthy and resilient taking steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services. Supporting individuals and communities to build resilience, and enable them to develop solutions to have active, healthy and independent lives.
  - Smarter use of resources ensure that all resources (financial, physical, ecological, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the creation of resources throughout the community that can help to deliver the Council's well-being objectives.

#### 3. Background

- 3.1 The Early Help and Permanence (EHP) strategy focuses on how we will improve and promote outcomes for children and young people in Bridgend. The successful delivery of early help to children, young people and families in Bridgend is reliant on the strength of partnership working, leadership and management commitment, and having a clear, robust and agreed framework from which to work.
- 3.2 Key to its implementation is a joined up approach between practitioners to share information and ensure the child/young person and their family are at the centre of any support they receive, which is delivered at the right time and in the right way.

- 3.3 The strategy supports the local authority's corporate plan and directorate business plans. Its focus is on supporting families to stay together wherever it is safe to do so, and minimising the need of statutory intervention and ultimately children and young people experiencing care.
- 3.4 The Education and Family Support directorate along with the Social Services and Wellbeing directorate are driving a 'whole system' approach to support children, young people and families.

#### 4. Current situation/proposal

- 4.1 The EHP strategy has recently been revised to reflect emerging priorities and to refocus efforts to support a safe reduction in numbers of care experienced children and other children and young people open to statutory services.
- 4.2 The EHP strategy (Appendix 1) and supporting action plan (Appendix 2) are draft documents which officers are keen to seek the views of stakeholders, particularly children, young people and families.
- 4.3 Progress in delivering the strategy over recent years has been marked with the creation of some new innovative services and good outcomes for children, young people and families. Achievements to date in delivering the EHP strategy include:

#### **Baby in Mind**

- 4.4 In 2019-20, the team worked alongside 18 families with 83% of babies supported by the team being able to remain safely within the family home. In November 2020, the service won a national Social Care Wales Accolade award in recognition of its pioneering work.
- 4.5 During 2020-21, the Baby in Mind Service worked with 29 families. 86% of the babies were supported to remain in the family home and of the 4 babies who were placed in the care of the local authority, three have since returned to the care of their parents.

#### **Connecting Families**

- 4.6 Connecting Families offered edge of care support to 59 families consisting of 115 children in 2019-20. Of these children, 93% were supported to remain at home with their families. An additional 8 children were referred to the service for placement support with 100% of these remaining with their carers.
- 4.7 In 2020-21, Connecting Families provided support to a total 178 children. 153 children were referred for edge of care support with 92.7% remaining out of care. 25 children were referred for placement support with 100% remaining in their existing placements.

#### Rapid Response

4.8 Rapid Response supported 159 children in 2019-20. Of those children referred, 157 received edge of care support with 96% of children supported to remain safely at home. 2 children received placement support with 50% remaining in the placement.

4.9 In 2020-21, Rapid Response provided edge of care support to 166 children with 96% remaining at home with their families. 100% of the three children referred for placement support were able to remain in their existing placements.

#### **Integrated Family Support Service (IFSS)**

- 4.10 11 children were referred to IFSS in 2019-20 for edge of care support with 64% being supported to remain safely in the care of their families. One child was referred for placement support and has remained at home.
- 4.11 In 2020-21, 22 children were referred to the service for edge of care support with 96% remaining at home. 6 children were referred for placement support with 100% remaining in their placement.

#### **Children's Social Care Safeguarding restructure**

- 4.12 On 13 September 2021, Children's Social Care restructured their safeguarding teams. This will lead to the creation of a Care Experienced Children's Team (Care Experienced Children were previously referred to as Looked After Children, LAC) who will work with care experienced children aged 0-16 once their care proceedings have concluded. To support the creation of this team a new Team Manager and Senior Social Worker role has been created. The team will focus on providing support to care experienced children once their final care plan has been agreed by the Family Court.
- 4.13 Our Safeguarding teams will be renamed 'Locality teams' and will continue to work on the same footprint and be located alongside their colleagues in Early Help. These teams will focus on working with children and their families on a Care and Support or on a Child Protection basis and whilst cases are subject to care proceedings.

#### **Looked After Children's Reduction Strategy**

- 4.14 Children's Social Care has a reduction strategy for Looked After Children, which is in line with Welsh Government's expectation. The strategy focuses on how we can support the safe reduction of our Looked After Children's population by discharging Care Orders for children who are placed in their parents care and increasing the use of Special Guardianship Orders for Foster and Kinship Carers.
- 4.15 During the financial year of 2020-21, there was a small reduction in the Local Authority's Looked After Children population from 394 to 390. At the time of writing this report this number had reduced further to 384. We continue to focus on reducing the number of children who cease to be looked after, paying close attention to the number of children who are either fostered by family members, with the aim of them successfully obtaining a Special Guardian Order, or those who are Placed with Parents where we are able to safely discharge the Care Order. During 2020-21 we introduced a Care Order Discharge Legal Surgery, chaired by the Group Manager Case management and Transition and attended by a Senior Childcare Lawyer. This reviews these cases and identifies those where either of the above options i.e. Care Order discharge/SGO can potentially be achieved. The creation of the Care Experienced Children's Team will further support this agenda. During 2019-20 the number of Special Guardianship Orders granted in respect of

Looked After Children was 6, increasing to 9 during the last financial year. A further 5 have already been granted during the current financial year. During 2019-20 the number of Care Orders discharged was 3 but this number increased to 10 last year and so far this financial year there have been a further 5.

#### **Multi Agency Placement Support Service (MAPSS)**

4.16 Tender for the regional MAPSS service was published in March 2021 with evaluation taking place in April 2021. The evaluation panel concluded on the basis of awarding to the most economical advantageous tender. However, following a formal challenge by one of the unsuccessful applicants a decision was made to abandon the tender process and re-tender. Having considered the lessons learnt, a re-draft of the specification has taken place, with input from the local authority and the tender is due to be published during August 2021. The new evaluation and award will take place during the autumn 2021.

#### **Restructure of the Fostering Service**

4.17 The re-structure report has been completed and was signed off during August 2021. Following this there will be consultation with the unions at the beginning of September 2021 before commencing the consultation with members of staff during September and October 2021. The new structure will be implemented in December 2021.

#### **Practice Support Workers**

- 4.18 During 2020-21 the service received 68 referrals. During quarters 1 and 2 the focus of the referrals was for placement support, whilst in quarter 3 and 4 the service saw increased referrals to support children and young people return to the care of their families. At the end of 2020-21 the service had worked with 23 children, where reunification to their birth family had been achieved.
- 4.19 During quarter 1 of 2020-21, the local authority saw the percentage of children who are looked after, who experience more than 3 placement moves, reduce significantly to 0.51%. Throughout the year this number slowly rose to 10.26% but this still represents better performance in this area for the local authority than in previous years.
- 4.20 There is further evidence that the role of the Practice Support Worker has been effective with the number of children and young people who were placed out of county reducing from 48 at the start of the year to 39. This has included cases where children have returned to live with in-house foster carers and where they have been supported to return home to their birth families.
- 4.21 In terms of the cost benefit of this project, during quarter 4 of 2020-21, 5 children were supported to return to the care of their parents. Based on the cost of in-house foster carers between the date the children returned home and their eighteenth birthday, the saving to the local authority will be approximately £735,676.

#### Challenges in delivering the strategy

- 4.22 Covid pandemic this has impacted on the ability of many services to deliver face to face interventions. Although many service providers are now able to return to services that resemble those delivered prior to the pandemic, many of them have significant waiting lists. This continues to have a negative impact on services (both quality and timeliness) delivered by Early Help and Safeguarding.
- 4.23 Increase service demand and complexity of cases early help services are now running significant waiting lists for some services. Whilst this has been exacerbated by the pandemic, reported data evidences a 21% increase in referrals for early help services in quarter 1 of 2021-22 compared to the same period in 2019-20. A business case has been submitted for a budget pressure in 2022-23 to provide support in meeting this additional demand. The complexity of cases open to early help is also providing additional challenges.
- 4.24 Workforce shortages there are currently significant staffing challenges in respect of recruiting into Social Care, particularly in terms of recruiting Social Workers to work within safeguarding teams. In addition, similar experiences are being faced with recruiting family support workers and other family intervention workers across early help services.
- 4.25 Grant funding both the nature and the timeliness of grant funding (new and existing funding streams) continues to provide significant challenges with recruitment and retention of practitioners, particularly across early help services.

#### **Priorities/next steps**

- Embed our one Council and partnership whole system approach to improving and monitoring performance thorough the use of a shared data set that is accurate, up to date and meaningful
- Identify comprehensive packages of support to safely enable children and young people to remain in their own families where possible with an emphasis on early help
- Identify more cases of children receiving care and support which need to be closed or stepped down to Early Help
- Ensure that effective support systems are put in place so that children who
  enter the care system can return to live safely with family members at the
  earliest opportunity
- Support more children and young people at home on Child Protection Plans instead of under Placement with Parent regulations
- Review all children and young people placed on a Care Order with parents and consider whether any can be discharged or stepped down to Supervision Orders
- Support more family members to become kinship carers
- Support more carers to become Special Guardians
- Recruit more local authority foster carers
- Reduce the number and length of time that children and young people are living in residential care settings
- Ensure that effective support systems and therapeutic interventions are put in place to prevent placement breakdown and promote placement stability for care experienced children

- Develop a constructive relationship with the Judiciary alongside mechanisms for regular dialogue with the Child and Family Court Advisory Support Service (CAFCASS) and clarity of expectations of the dialogue and collaborative working with children's guardians
- Develop a Corporate Parenting Strategy which commits the whole Council and partners to committing to taking the actions which result in the best possible lives for care experienced children
- Develop a child's rights approach to participation and involvement of children and young people in the work of early help and permanence services, including the reshaping of services

#### 5. Effect upon policy framework and procedure rules

5.1 The strategy will be implemented in line with existing policies and procedures.

#### 6. Equality Act 2010 implications

The protected characteristics identified within the Equality Act, Socio-economic Duty and the impact on the use of the Welsh language have been considered in the preparation of this report. As a public body in Wales, the Council must consider the impact of strategic decisions, such as the development or the review of policies, strategies, services and functions. This is an information report, therefore it is not necessary to carry out an Equality Impact Assessment in the production of this report. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable equality impacts as a result of this report.

#### 7. Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 implications

7.1 The implementation of the duties and responsibilities under the Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2014 (SSWBA) supports the promotion of two of the seven goals of the Well-Being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 within the County Borough of Bridgend. By promoting an environment that maximises people's physical and mental well-being and by supporting children, young people, adults and their carers and families to fulfil their potential no matter what their circumstances, the well-being goals of a healthier and more equal Bridgend and Wales are supported.

#### 8. Financial implications

8.1 There are no financial implications resulting from this report.

#### 9. Recommendations

- 9.1 It is recommended that members:
  - consider the content of the report, strategy and supporting action plan; and
  - formally feedback comments on the revised draft strategy and action plan in line with agreed priorities.

#### Claire Marchant

#### CORPORATE DIRECTOR SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING

#### Lindsay Harvey

# **CORPORATE DIRECTOR EDUCATION AND FAMILY SUPPORT September 2021**

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#### **Background documents:**

None



# Draft Early Help and Permanence Strategy

2021-2022



#### Introduction

#### The purpose and aims of the strategy

This Early Help and Permanency Strategy focuses on how we will improve and promote outcomes for children and young people in Bridgend. The term early intervention has been replaced by the term early help. The successful delivery of early help to children, young people and families in Bridgend is reliant on the strength of partnership working, leadership and management commitment, and having a clear, robust and agreed framework from which to work.

Key to its implementation is a joined up approach between practitioners to share information and ensure the child/young person and their family are at the centre of any support they receive, which is delivered at the right time and in the right way.

This strategy supports the local authority's Corporate Plan and directorate business plans. Its focus is on supporting families to stay together wherever it is safe to do so, and minimising the need of statutory intervention and ultimately children and young people experiencing care.

The Education and Family Support directorate along with the Social Services and Wellbeing directorate are driving a 'whole system' approach to support children, young people and families.

This strategy will describe what will change in relation to our work with children, young people and their families at the earliest possible stage. The emphasis of the work is based upon there is 'no wrong front door' for accessing support. The strategy is complemented by an action plan for future service development and delivery.

Bridgend want all our children and young people to:

- thrive and make the best of their talents;
- live healthy and safe lives;
- be confident and caring individuals throughout their lives; and
- know and receive their rights.

#### **Early Help and Permanence**

The Social Services and Wellbeing Act, Section 15, requires that local authorities must provide or arrange for the provision of a range and level of preventative services which they consider will achieve the following purposes:

- a) contributing towards preventing or delaying the development of people's needs for care and support
- b) reducing the need for care and support of people who have such needs
- c) promoting the upbringing of children by their families, where that is consistent with the well-being of children
- d) minimising the effect on disabled people of their disabilities
- e) contributing towards preventing people from suffering abuse or neglect
- f) reducing the need for:

- proceedings for care or supervision orders under the Children Act 1989
- criminal proceedings against children
- any family or other proceedings in relation to children which might lead
- to them being placed in local authority care, or
- proceedings under the inherent jurisdiction of the High Court in relation
- to children
- g) encouraging children not to commit criminal offences avoiding the need for children to be placed in secure accommodation;

Early help is taking action as soon as possible to tackle problems for children and families before they become more difficult to reverse. Early help with families will ensure that children, young people and families who are at risk or vulnerable to poor outcomes are identified early and that their needs are effectively assessed and met by agencies working together.

There is a substantial body of evidence that demonstrates that particular early interventions can be very effective at improving outcomes for young people and families.

#### Our ambition

- Know which children need safeguarding
- Know which children need early help
- Help individuals, families and communities to help themselves
- Work in strong partnerships
- Swift, sensitive and effective help
- Understand how successful we are by ensuring the voice of children, young people and families is central to the support offered

#### Key objectives in early help and permanence planning

The aim of early help is to prevent the needs of the children and families from escalating rather than to respond only when the difficulty has become so acute as to demand attention to:

- improve outcomes and life chances for children, young people and families placing the well-being of the child / young person at the centre of all that we do
- increase access to timely, targeted and appropriate services
- manage highly predictable risk better (e.g. parents who have been in care themselves and parents who have previously had children removed)
- refocus resources and expenditure from crisis intervention to early help
- provide a focus on the whole family and the role of the family in the planning and delivery of early help
- ensure interventions have a strong evidence base and any services commissioned are able to evaluate and demonstrate impact and outcomes
- further develop multi-agency and integrated working, including using and sharing data and information more effectively
- strengthen the role of universal services provision in early help
- communicate the early help offer and how it can be accessed
- develop skills and management support/supervision for early help workers

#### **Underpinning principles of early help**

- A focus on identification of need and swift access to appropriate early help
- Support available for the child/ young person's journey throughout all key life stages offering continuity and flexibility wherever possible
- Equality of access to early help provision
- Families recognised as central to defining and addressing problems and empowered as partners in the process of early help
- Work with the whole family, including fathers and other carers
- Promotion of personal responsibility and resilience rather than dependency.
- Active engagement of children, young people and families in the planning and delivery and evaluation of services
- Commitment to collaboration, joint commissioning and multi-agency working and to overcoming organisational barriers to achieving better outcomes.
- Shared systems in place to provide effective early help

#### Strategic plan for early help

- ➤ High quality universal services are the building blocks of effective early help
- Workforce is able to identify additional needs at an early stage
- Workforce has a clear understanding of the levels of need, and how services and support may be accessed
- There is a clear process in place to support effective multi- agency co-ordination of targeted support
- There is a clear step up and step down process in place
- A co-ordinated delivery programme of early help services and support across all ages and stages of a child's development

If good outcomes are achieved, the different needs of children and young people – social, physical, emotional, cultural and learning – will have been met. However, not all children and young people have the benefits of good health, a stable and nurturing family, the necessary personal and social skills or other attributes which will secure their safety and wellbeing.

#### Striving for stability and permanence for care experienced children.

Care experienced children are children and young people aged between 0 to 18 years who cannot safely remain with their family and are cared for by the Local Authority. Children are accommodated by the Local Authority either as a result of Court proceedings because they have been or are in danger of being harmed, or with parental agreement. A significant proportion of children who enter the care system have a history of neglect or abuse.

In general, outcomes for children who have had an experience of being in the care system, particularly for long periods of time or after a long period of poor parenting and neglect, are not as positive as those who have not experienced care. Hence, early help is necessary to ensure children and young people receive good parenting and (often specialist) support when in a timely manner.

To support this, Bridgend have identified five areas which will contribute to safely reducing the number of children in the care system whilst ensuring the most appropriate permanence arrangements:

- strategy and leadership;
- prevention and early help;
- approach to practice;
- partnership working, and
- information and intelligence about performance.

#### Using a threshold of need model to support practice (See Appendix A)

Because a child or family can experience an array of problems all at once, early help requires a multilevel, holistic approach. For example, at a local level early help may involve Family Engagement officer and a youth offending team working together to get to the root of a family's issues and refer them to the best support for their particular situation.

Threshold levels of intervention act as a guide to professional decision making aiming to maximise opportunities for the right level of support to be offered at the right time, to ensure that a child or young person's needs are met in a proportionate, robust and timely way, improving life chances to keep children and young people safe. The thresholds should always be viewed as a clear and fluid continuum, responsive to changing circumstances and environments through which children may travel both down and up and will on occasion be accessing services across the continuum, as need determines.

As we know the needs of children and young people and their families are not static, these may escalate e.g. in the face of a crisis or unanticipated incident, equally they may diminish, e.g. as a result of a successful intervention, an increase in protective factors, reduction in risk and enhancement of resilience.

Evidence tells us in such circumstances a seamless integrated transition between thresholds is indicated, which can assist a family to maintain positive momentum or indeed manage a crisis or incident, without additionally and instantly losing the input and support of the lower threshold agencies.

It is also intended that this model be used to enable practitioners and their partner agencies to communicate their concerns about children using a common format, language and understanding of levels of need, concern and/or risk for children, young people and their families.

#### Using the model to identify appropriate services

Having identified an overview of a child and family's needs, practitioners will be able to use the detailed threshold examples to reach a collective understanding of the most appropriate services to respond to identified need aiding consistent and rationalised decision making.

#### **Permanence**

The objective of planning for permanence is to ensure children have a secure, stable and loving family to support them through childhood and beyond and to give them a sense of security, continuity, commitment, identity and belonging. It is also important to remember that older children and young people also need to achieve permanence in their lives although they may not wish (for a variety of reasons) to be in a foster home or to be adopted. For example, they may prefer to live in a children's home where they can also achieve a sense of security and belonging.

The question "how are the child's permanence needs being met?" must be at the core of everything we do.

Where it is necessary for a child to leave his or her family:

- this should be for as short a time as needed to secure a safe, supported return home; or
- if a child cannot return home, plans must be made for alternate permanent care. Family members and friends should always be considered in the first instance with the permanence secured through the appropriate legal order to meet the child's needs;
- where it is not in the child's best interests to live within the family network, it will usually be in the interests of the child for alternative permanent carers to be identified and the placement secured through adoption, long term foster care, Child Arrangements Orders or Special Guardianship Orders;
- residential group living is provided only when a need for this is identified within the Care Plan and when substitute family care is not appropriate;
- for older children arranging for their independent living must be considered.

Where it is clear that families and children are unable to live together, planning must be swift and clear to identify permanent alternative settings.

Wherever possible, care should be provided locally unless clearly identified as inappropriate.

Contact with the family, Connected Person and extended family should be facilitated and built upon (unless clearly identified as inappropriate). The professionals involved work in partnership with parents/families to meet the above objectives whilst the wishes and feelings of the child are taken into account. The older and more mature the child, the greater the weight should be given to his or her wishes.

Whilst it is important, when undertaking permanence planning, to promote the child's links with his or her racial, cultural and religious heritage, this should not be allowed to introduce delay in achieving permanence for the child.

#### Priorities for 2021-2022

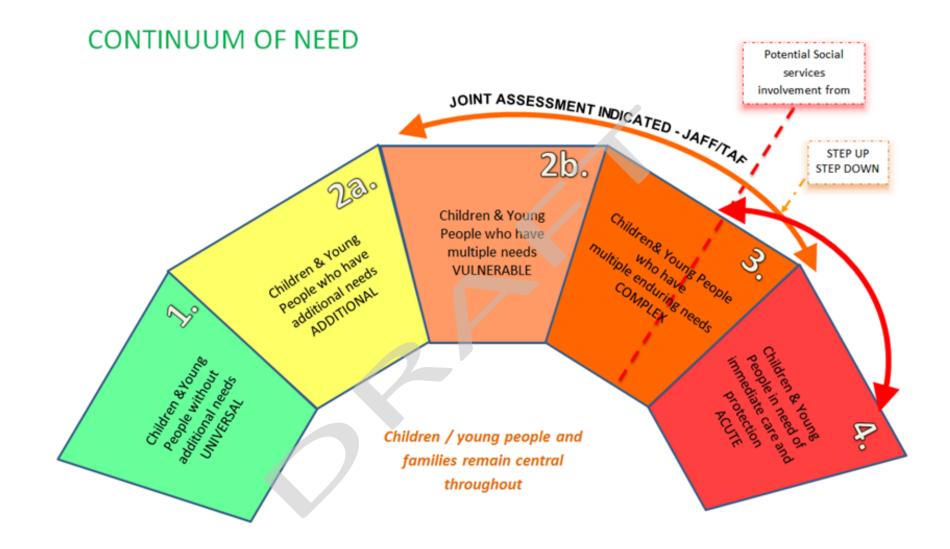
- Embed our one Council and partnership, whole system approach to improving and monitor performance thorough the use of a shared data set that is accurate, up to date and meaningful
- Identify comprehensive packages of support to safely enable children and young people to remain in their own families where possible with an emphasis on early help
- Identify more cases of children receiving care and support which need to be closed or stepped down to Early Help
- Ensure that effective support systems are put in place so that children who enter the care system can return to live safely with family members at the earliest opportunity
- Support more children and young people at home on Child Protection Plans instead of under Placement with Parent regulations
- Review all children and young people placed on a Care Order with parents and consider whether any can be discharged or stepped down to Supervision Orders
- Support more family members to become kinship carers
- Support more carers to become Special Guardians
- Recruit more local authority foster carers
- Reduce the number and length of time that children and young people are living in residential care settings
- Ensure that effective support systems and therapeutic interventions are put in place to prevent placement breakdown and promote placement stability for care experienced children
- Develop a constructive relationship with the Judiciary alongside mechanisms for regular dialogue with the Child and Family Court Advisory Support Service (CAFCASS) and clarity of expectations of the dialogue and collaborative working with children's guardians

- Develop a Corporate Parenting Strategy which commits the whole Council and partners to committing to taking the actions which result in the best possible lives for care experienced children
- Develop a child's rights approach to participation and involvement of children and young people in the work of early help and permanence services, including the reshaping of services

#### So what will be different?

Children and young people will be supported to live in permanent family arrangements which are safe and support them to feel secure, and achieve their potential. This will mean:

- A safe reduction in the number of care experienced children
- More children living with in families connected to their birth parents
- More children and young people successfully supported to return to live permanently with birth families
- More children and young people supported by early help services
- Less children and young people at home under 'Placement with Parent regulations'
- More children and young people living in families with Special Guardians
- More local authority foster families
- Where children and young people live in residential care settings it is for a shorter time, and to achieve a clear outcome which supports their permanent plan.
- Reduction in breakdown of all caring situations and increased permanence and stability for care experienced children
- A new Corporate Parenting Strategy developed with, and reflecting what matters to, children and young people.
- Children's rights and their participation and engagement at the heat of everything we do.



## CONTINUUM OF NEED

- At this level, support is 'universal', which means that it is generally available to all children and young people, such as schools, leisure centres, GP surgeries. Children and young people are making good overall progress across all areas of development. It is likely they live in a protective environment where their needs are well understood and met. These children need no additional support other than those universally available within public services.
- Children and young people who need additional support, this may relate to their health, educational or social development. Support is required to improve the chances of reaching their full potential, if not identified and addressed at an early stage, these issues may escalate and become increased concerns under level 2b or 3.
- Children, young people and their families have a range of needs. Multi-agency support is required to reduce levels of vulnerability and/or to reduce risk taking behaviours. If needs are not met then children's health, social development, or educational attainment may be significantly impaired. A Joint Assessment (JAFF) is required along with the appointment of a Lead Professional who will coordinate the support through the establishment of a Team around the Family (TAF).
  - Children with complex needs which appear chronic and enduring, these children are considered highly vulnerable or living in the greatest level of adversity. The needs of many of these children and young people can be met through a Joint assessment and plan (JAFF) with a lead professional coordinating support. There will be occasions when a child or young person requires a STEP UP\* specialist assessment and support from a range of specialist agencies.

    \* See STEP UP Procedure
- Children in need of immediate care and protection, this is the most urgent category and always requires an immediate referral to children's social care. These are children and young people whose care is so compromised as to place them at risk of significant harm and in need of a Child Protection Plan, and all children and young people already subject of a Child Protection Plan.

  This level includes children and young people who are identified as at risk of becoming looked after by the local authority, and all children and young people already looked after by the local authority. These children/young people will be subject to the 'STEP DOWN' process once safety is secured. \*See STEP DOWN Procedure

### **Step Down Process – Appendix B**



# Early Help and Safeguarding Joint Action Plan April 2021 to March 2022

В	Completed
R	A problem needs serious attention and action now
Α	Issues are being managed and if addressed should not affect delivery
G	On track, in progress, any minor risks/ issues being managed
NYS	Not yet started

	Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
1	Group Manager (Family Support)	May 2021	To address the issues identified by HMIP in respect of the Youth Justice Service (formerly Western Bay Early Intervention and Youth Justice Service)	To implement the post-inspection action plan	Outcome report following reinspection of BCBC Youth Justice Service.	Re-inspection by HMIP identifying areas are addressed.		
Red	uction of look	ed-after childro	en (LAC) population					
	Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG

	2	Group	March	To safely reduce the	LAC Strategy	Number of Care	April 2021- End-of-year	
Т		Manager Case	2022	care experienced	Action Plan	Order discharges	report to be produced for	
a		Management		Children's	Meetings to be held	increases.	Welsh Government in	
Page		and Transition		population in	bi-monthly	Number of Special	respect of the 4 key areas	
(L)				Bridgend		Guardianship	for reduction- Completed	
30		Group			Monthly Placement	Orders granted		
		Manager IAA			Planning Meeting to	increases.	April 2021- Produce report	
		and			be held on a		in respect of the Utilisation	
		Safeguarding			monthly basis.		of Welsh Government	
							funding in respect of Care	
							Order discharges by the end	
					Create Care		of the financial year	
					Experienced		completed.	
					Children's Team.			
					Daview CCO naliav		July 2021- Q1 report to be	
					Review SGO policy		sent to Welsh Government	
				Reduce the number		Daduction in the		
				of children and		Reduction in the number of children		
				young people		who are looked-		
				placed outside		after living out of		
				Wales		county.		
				Wales		County.		
					Re-launch and	Increase in the		
				Reduce the number	recruit Transitional	number of children		
				of children and	Foster Carer	who are supported		
				young people	scheme to support	to live with parents		

Λ	D	D		N	$\Box$	IX	-
А	М	Р	г	IV		1 1	

Page 31	Revie	ew and monitor E	Edge of Car	Placed out of the county  Reduce the number of children and young people removed from parents with a learning disability  Reduce the number of children and young people subject of Care Orders to BCBC.	YP to Step down from Residential Care.  Care Order Discharge Legal Surgery to be held monthly.	Reduction in the number of Children who are subject to a Care Order.			
		Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
	3	Group Manager (Family Support)	March 2022	Ensure Edge of Care Services inclusive of: Baby In Mind,	Provide regular performance data to the Early Help and Safeguarding Board	Data information that is provided to the Early Help and Safeguarding	Data demonstrating the value/effectiveness of each service is presented to the Early Help and		

		Rapid Response,	in respect of its	Board on a	Safeguarding Board at	
$\overline{\mathbf{U}}$		Connecting	impact on	quarterly basis	agreed intervals	
മ		Families,	preventing children			
Page		Integrated Family	and young people	Reports to include	25.2.21 - Continued	
W		Support Services,	becoming looked	qualitative and	evidence of edge of care	
32		Reflect,	after in Bridgend	quantitative data.	services in partnership with	
		Family Group			social care preventing	
		Conferencing,			children entering care	
		Domestic Abuse			system.	
		services and				
		Reunification		April 2021- PO	Longer-term funding has	
		Support Workers		Case Management	been secured to offer Family	
		continue to		& Family Support	Group Conference's via	
		demonstrate		Services Manager	Tros Gynnal Plant. This	
		effective		to develop Family	funding will also incorporate	
		intervention to		Group Conference	a training and raising	
		prevent children and		(FGC) process	awareness sessions to early	
		young people in		map.	help and social work teams.	
		Bridgend becoming				
		'looked after'.		May 2021 - FGC		
				process map to be		
				signed off by the		
				Practice		
				Development		
				Group.		
				'		
				May 2021- TGP to		
				deliver FGC		
				training.		
				3		
				June 2021- TGP to		
				begin holding		
				monthly		
<u> </u>	1		I		I	

					practitioner surgeries.  July 2021- Quarterly report re FGC quarter one data to be presented.		APPEND	DIX 2
Eval	Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Audits	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
4	Group Manager (Family Support)  Principal Officer Case Management	March 2022	To ensure compliance with step up/step down audits, monitor the interface between the teams and report identified themes to the Early Help and Safeguarding Board	Regular review monitoring and review of step/down cases.  Carry out sixmonthly review of findings  Present findings in the form of a report to the Early Help and Safeguarding Board.  Performance team to send out monthly QA lists.	Increased activity in respect of the number of cases stepping up/down  Quality Assurance forms are completed, on a monthly basis.	11.3.21 - Meeting held between the Senior Managers and Team Managers of the Early Help and Safeguarding Teams on Full feedback will be provided at March's board in respect of the outcome of this meeting  1.4.21 - QA work to restart  October 2021- six-monthly report to be presented by the Group Manager (Family Support) and PO Case Management.		

#### APPENDIX 2

$\downarrow$		Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
Page 34	5	Group Manager Placements and Provider Services	March 2022	To ensure there is a specialist therapeutic service to support care experienced children.	Develop a regional MAPPS Service on a Cwm Taf Morgannwg footprint.	MAPPS Service is established.  Number of referrals being received by the service.  Greater Placement Stability.	Tender to be published Jan 2021 and Tender returned Feb 2021  Evaluation of Tender up until 12th March 2021 with tender sign off by 19th March 2021.  Signing of contract period up to 4th April. Contract starts on 5th April 2021.	IVAG	
							Eight-week mobilisation period (no payments to be made) up to 31st May 2021.  Service commences on 1st June 2021.		

	Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
5	Group Manager – Placements	March 2022	To restructure the existing safeguarding teams	Undertake a re- structure of the Fostering and	New General Foster Care and new Permanence	Feb 2021- CMB approves new posts.		
	and Provider Services		and the Fostering Service.	Placements Team. Undertake a	Teams established.	March/April 2021- Consultations to take place, they have now concluded.		

APPENDIX 2

Page 35		Group Manager – Case Management and Transition			Safeguarding to create a Care Experienced Children's Team.	New Care Experienced Children's Team established.	June 2021- TM & SSW appointed, match and slot exercise concluded.  September 2021- New structure to be put in place.		
	Enga	gement							
		Owner	Due date	Recommendation	Action	Evidence	Milestones	Last RAG	RAG
	7	Group Manager (Family Support)  Group Manager – Case Management and Transition	March 2022	To carry out engagement exercises with those in receipt of services, in order to shape strategy	Engage with children, young people their families and multi-agency partners in respect of key strategies to include Early Help an Permanence Strategy, Children with Disabilities Strategy and the Mental Health Strategy.	Report to the Early Help and Safeguarding Board on findings and associated recommendations.  Number of engagement sessions undertaken.  YP voices are evident within strategies that are developed.	March 2021 - Assurance surveys go live  May-August 2021 - Remaining survey(s) to go live.  July 2021- Engagement with key stakeholders in respect of the Children with Disabilities Strategy taking place.		

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#### **BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL**

#### **REPORT TO OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 2**

#### **23 SEPTEMBER 2021**

# REPORT OF THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR SOCIAL SERVICES AND WELLBEING

#### RE-COMMISSIONING REGULATED CARE AND SUPPORT AT HOME

#### 1. Purpose of report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide the Committee with an update in respect of the significant pressures being experienced across care at home services, and the plans being developed and implemented in order to respond to these challenges, including the recommissioning work being undertaken for Independent Domiciliary Care (IDC) and Short Break services.
- 2. Connection to corporate well-being objectives / other corporate priorities
- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate well-being objectives under the **Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015**:-
  - 1. Helping people and communities to be more healthy and resilient taking steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services. Supporting individuals and communities to build resilience, and enable them to develop solutions to have active, healthy and independent lives.
  - 2. **Smarter use of resources** ensure that all resources (financial, physical, ecological, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the creation of resources throughout the community that can help to deliver the Council's well-being objectives.

#### 3. Background

3.1 Domiciliary Care can be defined as a range of services put in place to support an individual in their own home, that are given to those that require additional support with day to day household tasks, personal care or any other activity that allows them to maintain their quality of life and independent living.

Short Break services can be defined as a service which enables the carer(s) to have sufficient and regular periods away from their caring routines or responsibilities, which is provided through a regulated domiciliary care provider.

#### Independent Domiciliary Care (IDC)

3.2 In November 2014, Cabinet approved the remodelling homecare implementation plan, which set out the Council's intentions for meeting the increasing demands for internal homecare and external domiciliary care in a sustainable and managed way. This plan recommended remodelling the Council's internal homecare service into a

- provider of specialist homecare services, and to commission domiciliary care services from the independent sector.
- 3.3 It was recognised that there was a need to strengthen and develop what was a fragile market, and attract new providers to support the remodelling of services. To facilitate this change, officers developed a commissioning plan, where it was proposed that a framework agreement be established for the provision of externally commissioned domiciliary care. This framework allowed the Council to test the current market, strengthen the existing contractual arrangements, and open up the market to new providers, which managed the increased challenges and demands.
- 3.4 In January 2016, Cabinet approved the award of a Framework Agreement to 13 providers for the provision of new packages of domiciliary care for the period 1<sup>st</sup> April 2016 to 31<sup>st</sup> March 2018, with an option to extend for a further period of up to 24 months.
- 3.5 Building on the success of the tender exercise, it was proposed that a new Framework be established, which covered all externally commissioned domiciliary care. i.e. both new and existing packages of care. This would allow the Council to further strengthen and enhance the service model, and also potentially open up the market to further providers in light of the planned increase in homecare hours being commissioned from the independent domiciliary care sector.
- 3.6 In January 2017, following engagement sessions undertaken with pertinent stakeholders and providers in respect of the proposed commissioning intentions, Cabinet approved the final commissioning plan for the independent domiciliary care sector in Bridgend, and approved the invitation of tenders to establish a Framework Agreement for the provision of all packages of commissioned domiciliary care.
- 3.7 In September 2017, Cabinet approved the award of a Framework Agreement to 15 providers (13 existing and 2 new providers) for the provision of domiciliary care for the period 1<sup>st</sup> January 2018 to the 31<sup>st</sup> December 2019 with an option to extend for a further period of up to 24 months.

#### Short Breaks service

- 3.8 A series of stakeholder engagement and consultation events took place during 2019/20 in order to co-produce the model for a new short break service. Consultation included a high-profile public event, local mapping and stakeholder meetings and follow-up focus group workshops. The public event and focus groups were independently facilitated by Swansea University and carers who use short break services were able to contribute.
- 3.9 This extensive service development with stakeholders has co-produced a new pathway for carers' services in Bridgend. A key part of that pathway is to provide appropriate short breaks for carers through flexible delivery of replacement care to individuals in need of care and support, that will provide more voice, choice and control for individuals and their carers through an ability to bank weekly assessed hours for flexible use within a 4-week window.

- 3.10 Following a successful tender exercise, approval was granted to award contracts for the provision of a regulated domiciliary Short Break Service for individuals and their carers in Bridgend. The duration of contracts entered into was 2 years commencing in July 2019 with the option to extend for up to a further 24 months.
- 3.11 During a Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) inspection undertaken in 2019/20, the Short Break service model was commended in the verbal feedback received from regulators, where the question was also posed about why all regulated homecare services could not be commissioned in this more outcome-focused way.

# 4. Current situation/proposal

#### Context and challenges

4.1 Having safe, flexible and effective care at home services are an essential part of the Council's strategy to help and support individuals to maintain their independence. As can be seen from the table below, demand for these care at home services have increased by circa 8% in the last 3 years:

	Avg 17/18	Avg 18/19	Avg 19/20	May 2021
Total Hrs	8,151	8,581	8,701	8,738

- 4.2 A consequence of increasing the capacity within our care and support at home services has enabled the directorate to manage the volume of placements made into care homes which was 242 placements in 2017/18, compared to 232 in 2019/20. As a financial comparison, it currently costs £628 per week for a standard residential placement, whereas the typical care at home package of care (average hours being 10hrs/wk) costs in the region of £200 per week.
- 4.3 The demands on care and support at home services post-Covid is still yet to be fully understood, but the service is already experiencing significant increase in need, with care at home hours delivered in August 2021 being 7-8% greater than those hours provided in April 2020, before the pandemic took effect.
- 4.4 It is forecast that the long-term impact of Covid, alongside the already known pressures of an ageing population, increasing dementia rates and more complex and challenging needs is going to result in increasing demands on already pressurised services. The below is an extract taken from Welsh Government's 'Rehabilitation: a framework for continuity and recovery 2020 to 2021', which is intended to assist service planning for the anticipated increased demand for rehabilitation (and therefore social care) for people affected by Covid across four main areas:
  - 1. people who have had COVID-19: those recovering from acute COVID-19 symptoms, including people who experienced extended time in critical care and hospital, or those whose acute care was managed in the community and those with prolonged symptoms of COVID-19 (Long COVID) recovering in the community
  - 2. people awaiting paused urgent and routine interventions and who have further deterioration in their function

- 3. people who avoided accessing services during the pandemic who are now at greater risk of disability and ill-health
- 4. socially isolated/shielded groups where the lockdown has led to decreased levels of activity and social connectivity, altered consumption of food; substance misuse, the loss of physical and mental wellbeing and thus increased health risk
- 4.5 Alongside these demand pressures, the Covid pandemic highlighted the fundamental importance of care and support at home, and the role of professional care workers, in providing essential personal care and support to highly vulnerable people to keep them safe, well and connected. Put simply, this service is the foundation of the whole health and social care system and unless there is sufficient quality and capacity of provision the whole system, and our most vulnerable people, are at risk.
- 4.6 There is also a fundamentally changing requirement in respect of the social care worker workforce. There are specific requirements in respect of registration and qualification which came in under the Regulation and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016. This is a highly skilled, professional workforce working with people at the most challenging times of their lives. The learning taken from the pandemic also emphasises the absolutely essential role of care workers in keeping people safe and connected with their families and communities.
- 4.7 In terms of having sufficient quantity and quality of capacity to meet these needs moving forward, the social care market remains fragile, with recruitment and retention posing a significant challenge for a variety of reasons, including:
  - Pay and employee terms and conditions being comparably low, despite a strategic intention from Welsh Government to achieve parity of esteem between the care workforce and NHS workers, especially when considering the training and registration requirements of the Registration and Inspection of Social Care (Wales) Act 2016 (RISCA) and the responsibility of the role;
  - Competition from other sectors (hospitality and retail frequently pay more) and similar roles in health pay more and often provide better terms and conditions
- 4.8 The impact of all the above (i.e. Increasing demands on an already fragile area where workforce capacity and recruitment and retention are significant challenges) has meant numbers of individuals awaiting packages of care from care at home services are at the highest levels encountered in Bridgend County Borough Council (BCBC).

#### BCBC response

- 4.9 A Project Group has been established tasked with developing, implementing and monitoring an Action Plan (included as **Appendix A**) to respond to these challenges with actions identified in both the shorter and longer-term.
- 4.10 Some of these plans and proposals are still in the early stages of development, but they will focus on:
  - managing demand by regularly assessing and using a risk based approach for those already receiving and those requiring packages of care, and developing fasttrack options for Direct Payments

- maximising capacity through effective recruitment and retention and looking into pathway options more aligned to support workers in health, and also how we can directly support those workers in commissioned homecare services (such as a recognition payment in a similar vein as the WG £500 payment), where recruitment and retention challenges are most severe. BCBC have also recently had to contract with two additional IDC providers as a matter of urgency, in order to increase capacity and help meet demands on homecare services
- reviewing our service models by recommissioning our homecare services into a more outcome-focused and flexible model of delivery, aligned to National Commissioning Board rates of pay – more specific detail of which is provided below
- 4.11 The move towards a more outcome focused way of commissioning (which was approved by Cabinet in July 2021) is all about social outcomes as well as personal care outcomes and is a significant move towards a more flexible method of delivery, which is intended to help providers take on more packages of care and ease pressures on services.
- 4.12 A market testing event took place in May 2021, where existing contracted providers in attendance gave very positive feedback on how the Council's Short Break service had been commissioned in 2019. It was clear from this meeting that the preferred option for recommissioning homecare services is to use a similar model and concept for the service specification, where there will be a clear emphasis on voice, choice and control for individuals and carers, which will help BCBC meet its corporate strategy of helping to keep people resilient and live as independently as possible within their own homes.
- 4.13 As with the existing framework agreements in place, the plan is to implement a four year (2 years with the option to extend by 24 months) Framework Agreement, which will bring both service types (IDC and Short Breaks) in line with one another.
- 4.14 The recommissioning exercise is being carried out in the same way as when IDC and Short Breaks services have previously been tendered where existing packages of care will only possibly move over to a new provider at point of review. This is to minimise disruption, ensure consistent delivery of care and unrest for individuals, but also will not have too much of a destabilising impact on providers. i.e. maintain market stability.
- 4.15 Service providers on the new Framework Agreement will not be guaranteed packages of care, with each one following its own individual process which considers both quality and price as part of the evaluation, which is carried out independently by a brokerage team.
- 4.16 BCBC is committed to working with high quality and experienced service providers, and there will be a very strong emphasis on quality as part of the tender process. To enable this, the cost:quality ratio of 20:80 is strongly weighted in favour of quality which will be evaluated through the written responses from the providers, as well as presentations and/or interviews that are part of the tender process.

4.17 The table below sets out the procurement timescales officers are working towards:

	Procurement Activity	Date
1	Cabinet approval to go to tender	July 2021 – COMPLETE
2	Place tender notice for the Framework	August 2021 – COMPLETE
3	Tender returns	October 2021
4	Final tender evaluation	November 2021
5	Approval to award	December 2021
6	Contract start date for Framework	April 2022

- 4.18 As part of the previous IDC and Short Break tender exercises, providers were asked to submit their own rates in order to meet the requirements of the contract and no ceiling or basement amounts were provided by BCBC. The current (2021/22) rates paid for these respective services is shown below:
  - £18.65/hr Short Break services (traditionally a lower amount due to the fact that these are longer calls as opposed to 15/30/45 minutes)
  - £20.12/hr IDC services which is a 'weighted average' that accounts for the proportionately more expensive shorter call durations
- 4.19 The approach outlined above is often accused as being a 'race to the bottom', where those who provide the lowest rates are more likely to score highly when considering 20% of evaluation links to costs, and the lower cost is deemed more favourable. In evaluating costs, it is important to note that value for money, rather than lowest cost will be evaluated in that the ability of potential suppliers to retain and recruit a professional care workforce in the context of the current labour market challenges will be reviewed.
- 4.20 The National Commissioning Board (NCB) (on behalf of Welsh Government) have recently undertaken and published some cost modelling work, which sets out what is deemed an 'anticipated cost of care for 21/22' in a variety of care settings including homecare services , with the summarised findings in this particular area being:
  - £21.43/hr when linked to National Living Wage (NLW)
  - £22.72/hr when linked to Real Living Wage (RLW)
- 4.21 It is anticipated that paying the RLW for care workers will form an important strand of the Wales Programme for Government. This national intention aligns with Cabinet's expressed views regarding RLW for care workers and BCBC now have a mechanism of doing this, where as part of the tender exercise, the rates as defined by the NCB work will form the price ranges within which potential bidders can submit their rates.
- 4.22 A pricing schedule concept (providing price ranges linked to NCB rates) was tested with potential bidders at the market testing event where all those in attendance were unanimous in agreeing that this would be a positive step forward.
- 5. Effect upon policy framework and procedure rules
- 5.1 The tendering process is being undertaken in compliance with the Council's Contract Procedure Rules and the Public Contracts Regulations 2015.

#### 6. Equality Act 2010 implications

6.1 An initial Equality Impact Assessment (EIA) screening has identified that there would be no negative impact on those with one or more of the protected characteristics, on socio-economic disadvantage or the use of the Welsh Language. It is therefore not necessary to carry out a full EIA on this policy or proposal.

#### 7. Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 implications

7.1 The recommissioning of IDC and Short Break services supports the five ways of working under the Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015, as follows:

**Long Term** – the new service model will be a more person-centred and outcomefocused way of working, more in keeping with the requirements of the Social Services and Wellbeing (Wales) Act 2014, and more appropriate for the longer-term.

**Prevention** – IDC and Short Break services are essential preventative services to mitigate the need for more costly residential care placement, where individuals are supported to maintain independence and live in their own homes for as long as is possible and appropriate to do so.

**Integration** – the service providers will need to work with a wide range of stakeholder groups and organisations (such as health) to ensure the best possible outcomes for individuals in receipt of these services.

**Collaboration** – the service model is predicated on close collaboration between the service provider, social work teams, wider stakeholders and communities, and the individuals themselves.

**Involvement** – Key stakeholders and providers have been involved to help shape and inform the service proposal to ensure a co-productive approach to detailing the service model and specification for the new and revised service.

#### 8. Financial implications

8.1 The cost implications of developing the outline plans and proposals mentioned in paragraph 4.10 of this report will be determined shortly – working alongside colleagues in Finance – where funding of £1.776M has been allocated to BCBC in 2021/22 as part of the WG Social Care Recovery Grant Funding. However, the Social Care Recovery grant is only confirmed for 2021/22, therefore additional pressure may be placed on the budget if there is no additional Welsh Government funding if the plans are to be sustainable going forward.

#### 9. Recommendations

- 9.1 It is recommended that the Committee:
  - Considers the contents of this report; and
  - Provide comment on the outline plans and proposals being developed and implemented in response to the challenges being faced within the homecare sector.

Claire Marchant Corporate Director – Social Services and Wellbeing September 2021

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# **Background documents**

None

#### Care & Support at Home Action Plan – September 2021

## Appendix A

#### Issue #1: Need for all actions to be co-ordinated with single action plan project team

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
Interim action plan to be confirmed for co-ordination of plan. Workforce officer interviews 24/08/21. Project group	Corporate	Immediate
including all leads to be established	Director	

# Issue #2: Domiciliary care providers are indicating they are experiencing significant pressures and in small numbers may consider handing packages back to the local authority to provide

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
Develop provider support arrangements, refocusing the work of brokers and contract monitoring officers to working proactively with providers to understand issues and risks and take supportive actions to address.	Commissioning	06/09/21
Weekly provider meetings to understand and share intelligence across the sector so action plans are based on real time evidence	Commissioning	06/09/21

# Issue #3: Demand for domiciliary care is outstripping supply resulting in delays for people to have their assessed needs met

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
Social workers to work with providers to review current packages with families and providers to understand any	Integrated	06/09/21
alternatives to commissioned care which support people to achieve their outcomes and do such as family support,	Services	
community connection, third sector support, assistive technology etc.		
Robust risk assessment to ensure harm is minimised whilst people wait for their care plan to be fully implemented in	Integrated	Immediate
hospital or the community.	Services	
Explore all options to expand the provider base.	Integrated	Immediate
	Services /	and ongoing
	Commissioning	
Develop options for residential step up/step down with a reabling focus for people waiting domiciliary care at home	Head of Adult	06/09/21
	Social Care	
Review casual bank arrangements for social care workers so this is being used optimally.	HR	06/09/21
Review and maximise use of agency workforce.	Head of Adult	06/09/21
	Social Care	

Issue #4: Retention and recruitment into care worker roles is challenging due to a range of factors including workforce fatigue, backlog in annual leave and competition from other sectors such as hospitality, retail etc.

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
Develop social care worker marketing plan (linked to the national 'WeCareWales' campaign) to use the most effective	Comms	31/08/21
mechanisms to highlight the positive aspects of working in social care and encourage recruitment across the sector		
	Homecare	
Introduction of different internal staff contracts ranging from 15hrs to full time hours	Services	31/10/21
Work with Employability Bridgend to develop pathways to employment to support job seekers into vacancies across	Employability	TBC
the social care sector. Actions include:	Bridgend	
<ul> <li>Introducing some initial research with the providers to understand better the factors which drive recruitment and retention.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Understanding better the links between the benefit system (UC) and the employment offer in social care to inform the offers available</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Evaluating employment support such as job coaching and mentoring to enable people to progress to permanent employment in the care sector</li> </ul>		
Implement a fast track training programme for people who are entering the care sector for the first time to ensure they have the requisite training in the fundamentals of care.	Social Care Workforce	TBC
Meet with Bridgend college social care leads and students to support their recruitment into casual and permanent	Homecare	TBC
employment opportunities	Services	
Roll out a series of roadshows across the County Borough using innovative methods to support value based	TBC	September
recruitment into the social care sector		2021
Work with BAVO to explore the role of people who came forward during earlier phases of the COVID	Prevention &	06/09/21
	Wellbeing	

# Issue #5: High rates of sickness absence in in house

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
SSWB & HR to undertake a deep dive into all sickness cases with a view to supporting people to return to work as soon	Group/Service	06/09/21
as practicable	Managers &	
	HR Business	
	Partners	

Issue #6: A workforce plan and recommissioning arrangements for sufficient quality and quantity care workforce is required

Action(s)	Lead	Timescale
Develop clear career progression pathways for people entering the care sector linked to qualification and experience	Social Care	December
frameworks that can be used to promote experience in the value of experience in the sector for people in school / college/ at the time of a potential career change	Workforce	2021
Explore opportunities for regional working under CCR structures through effective working between regional skills partnership and local government forum and also the CTM regional workforce partnership	Regeneration	December 2021
Recommissioning of care and support at home with new contracts in place which support payment	Commissioning	March 2021

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#### **BRIDGEND COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL**

#### REPORT TO SUBJECT OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 2

#### **23 SEPTEMBER 2021**

# REPORT OF THE CHIEF OFFICER - LEGAL, HR & REGULATORY SERVICES FORWARD WORK PROGRAMME UPDATE

#### 1. Purpose of report

- 1.1 The purpose of this report is to:
  - a) Present the Committee with the Forward Work Programme (Appendix A) for consideration and approval;
  - b) Request any specific information the Committee identifies to be included in the items for the next two meetings, including invitees they wish to attend;
  - Request the Committee to identify whether there are presently any further items for consideration on the Forward Work Programme having regard to the selection criteria in paragraph 4.3 of this report;
  - d) Note that the Forward Work Programme and any feedback from the Committee will be reported to the next meeting of Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee (COSC).
  - e) Present the Recommendations Monitoring Action Sheet **(Appendix B)** to track responses to the Committee's recommendations made at the previous meetings.

#### 2. Connection to corporate well-being objectives / other corporate priorities

- 2.1 This report assists in the achievement of the following corporate well-being objectives under the **Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015**:
  - Supporting a successful sustainable economy taking steps to make the county borough a great place to do business, for people to live, work, study and visit, and to ensure that our schools are focussed on raising the skills, qualifications and ambitions for all people in the county borough.
  - Helping people and communities to be more healthy and resilient taking steps to reduce or prevent people from becoming vulnerable or dependent on the Council and its services. Supporting individuals and communities to build resilience, and enable them to develop solutions to have active, healthy and independent lives.
  - Smarter use of resources ensure that all resources (financial, physical, ecological, human and technological) are used as effectively and efficiently as possible and support the creation of resources throughout the community that can help to deliver the Council's well-being objectives.

#### 3. Background

- 3.1 The Council's Constitution requires the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee to develop and implement a Forward Work Programme for the Committee.
- 3.2 The Council's Constitution also provides for each Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committee to propose items for the Forward Work Programme having regard for the Council's Corporate Priorities and Risk Management framework, for the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee to then prioritise and schedule.

#### Best Practice / Guidance

- 3.3 The Centre for Governance and Scrutiny's Good Scrutiny Guide recognises the importance of the forward work programme. In order to 'lead and own the process', it states that Councillors should have ownership of their Committee's work programme, and be involved in developing, monitoring and evaluating it. The Good Scrutiny Guide also states that, in order to make an impact, the scrutiny workload should be coordinated and integrated into corporate processes, to ensure that it contributes to the delivery of corporate objectives, and that work can be undertaken in a timely and well-planned manner.
- 3.4 Forward Work Programmes need to be manageable to maximise the effective use of the limited time and resources of Scrutiny Committees. It is not possible to include every topic proposed. Successful Scrutiny is about looking at the right topic in the right way and Members need to be selective, while also being able to demonstrate clear arguments for including or excluding topics.
- 3.5 The Centre for Governance and Scrutiny (CfGS) guide to work effective work programming 'A Cunning Plan?' makes the following reference to the importance of good work programming:

'Effective work programming is the bedrock of an effective scrutiny function. Done well it can help lay the foundations for targeted, incisive and timely work on issues of local importance, where scrutiny can add value. Done badly, scrutiny can end up wasting time and resources on issues where the impact of any work done is likely to be minimal.'

#### Forward Work Programme

- 3.6 Following the approval of the schedule of Scrutiny Committee meeting dates at the Annual Meeting of Council on 19<sup>th</sup> May 2021, the scheduling of standing statutory reports to Scrutiny Committees upon: the Medium Term Financial Strategy, Performance, the Corporate Plan, Budget Monitoring, etc. were mapped to the appropriate COSC meeting dates into a draft Forward Work Programme.
- 3.7 The draft Forward work programme for each Scrutiny Committee has been prepared using a number of difference sources, including:
  - Corporate Risk Assessment;
  - Directorate Business Plans;
  - Previous Scrutiny Committee Forward Work Programme report topics / Minutes;

- Committee / Member proposed topics;
- Policy Framework;
- Cabinet Work Programme;
- Discussions with Corporate Directors;
- Performance Team regarding the timing of performance information.
- 3.8 There are items where there is a statutory duty for Policy Framework documents to be considered by Scrutiny, e.g. the MTFS including draft budget proposals scheduled for consideration in December 2021, following which the COSC will coordinate the conclusions and recommendations from each of the Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committees in a report on the overall strategic overview of Cabinet's draft Budget proposals to the meeting of Cabinet in February 2022.
- 3.9 An effective FWP identifies the issues that the Committee wishes to focus on during the year and provide a clear plan. However, at each meeting the Committee will have an opportunity to review this as the Forward Work Programme Update will be a standing item on the Agenda, detailing which items are scheduled for future meetings and be requested to clarify any information to be included in reports and the list of invitees. The FWP will remain flexible and will be revisited at each COSC meeting with updates from each SOSC FWP and any updated information gathered from FWP meetings with Scrutiny Chairs and Corporate Directors.

#### 4. Current situation/proposal

- 4.1 The Committee approved its Forward Work Programme at its previous meeting.
- 4.2 The Committee's Forward Work Programme has also been reported to the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee, for coordination and oversight of the overall FWP.

#### Identification of Further Items

4.3 The Committee are reminded of the Criteria Form which Members can use to propose further items for the FWP which the Committee can then consider for prioritisation at a future meeting. The Criteria Form emphasises the need to consider issues such as impact, risk, performance, budget and community perception when identifying topics for investigation and to ensure a strategic responsibility for Scrutiny and that its work benefits the Authority. There are a number of questions and processes that can help the Committee come to a decision on whether to include a referred topic, some of which are set out below:

#### Recommended Criteria for Selecting Scrutiny Topics:

PUBLIC INTEREST: The concerns of local people should influence the issues

chosen for scrutiny;

ABILITY TO CHANGE: Priority should be given to issues that the Committee

can realistically influence, and which will result in a

Cabinet decision being taken;

PERFORMANCE: Priority should be given to the areas in which the

Council, and other agencies, are not performing well;

EXTENT: Priority should be given to issues that are relevant to all

or large parts of the County Borough;

REPLICATION: Work programmes must take account of what else is

happening in the areas being considered to avoid

duplication or wasted effort.

# Reasons to Reject Scrutiny Topics:

• The issue is already being addressed / being examined elsewhere and change is imminent.

- The topic would be better addressed elsewhere (and can be referred there).
- Scrutiny involvement would have limited / no impact upon outcomes.
- The topic may be sub-judice or prejudicial to the Council's interest.
- The topic is too broad to make a review realistic.
- New legislation or guidance relating to the topic is expected within the next year.
- The topic area is currently subject to inspection or has recently undergone substantial change.

#### **Corporate Parenting**

- 4.4 Corporate Parenting is the term used to describe the responsibility of a Local Authority towards looked after children and young people. This is a legal responsibility given to local authorities by the Children Act 1989 and the Children Act 2004. The role of the Corporate Parent is to seek for children in public care the outcomes every good parent would want for their own children. The Council as a whole is the 'corporate parent', therefore all Members have a level of responsibility for the children and young people looked after by Bridgend.
- 4.5 In this role, it is suggested that Members consider how each item they consider affects children in care and care leavers, and in what way can the Committee assist in these areas.
- 4.6 Scrutiny Champions can greatly support the Committee in this by advising them of the ongoing work of the Cabinet-Committee and particularly any decisions or changes which they should be aware of as Corporate Parents.
- 4.7 The Forward Work Programme for this Committee is attached as **Appendix A** for consideration.
- 4.8 The Recommendations Monitoring Action Sheet for the previous meetings is attached as **Appendix B**, to track responses to the Committee's recommendations at the previous meetings.

#### 5. Effect upon policy framework and procedure rules

5.1 The work of the Overview & Scrutiny Committees relates to the review and development of plans, policy or strategy that form part of the Council's Policy Framework and consideration of plans, policy or strategy relating to the power to promote or improve economic, social or environmental wellbeing in the County Borough of Bridgend.

#### 6. Equality Act 2010 implications

6.1 The protected characteristics identified within the Equality Act, Socio-economic Duty and the impact on the use of the Welsh language have been considered in the preparation of this report. As a public body in Wales, the Council must consider the impact of strategic decisions, such as the development or the review of policies, strategies, services and functions. It is considered that there will be no significant or unacceptable equality impacts as a result of this report.

# 7. Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 implications

- 7.1 The Act provides the basis for driving a different kind of public service in Wales, with 5 ways of working to guide how public services should work to deliver for people. The following is a summary to show how the 5 ways of working to achieve the well-being goals have been used to formulate the recommendations within this report:
  - Long-term The approval of this report will assist in the planning of Scrutiny business in both the short-term and in the long-term on its policies, budget and service delivery.
  - Prevention The early preparation of the Forward Work Programme allows for the advance planning of Scrutiny business where Members are provided an opportunity to influence and improve decisions before they are made by Cabinet.
  - Integration The report supports all the wellbeing objectives.
  - Collaboration Consultation on the content of the Forward Work Programme has taken place with the Corporate Management Board, Heads of Service, Elected Members and members of the public.
  - Involvement Advanced publication of the Forward Work Programme ensures that the public and stakeholders can view topics that will be discussed in Committee meetings and are provided with the opportunity to engage.

#### 8. Financial implications

8.1 There are no financial implications directly associated with this report.

#### 9. Recommendations

- 9.1 The Committee is recommended to:
  - a) Consider and approve the Forward Work Programme attached as Appendix A;
  - b) Identify any specific information the Committee wishes to be included in the items for the next two meetings, including invitees they wish to attend;
  - c) Identify any further items for consideration on the Forward Work Programme having regard to the selection criteria in paragraph 4.3 of this report;
  - d) Note that the Forward Work Programme and any updates from the Committee will be reported to the next meeting of COSC;
  - e) Note the Recommendations Monitoring Action Sheet to track responses to the Committee's recommendations made at the previous meetings as **Appendix B**.

Kelly Watson
CHIEF OFFICER – LEGAL, HR & REGULATORY SERVICES
17 September 2021

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Background documents: None.

# Forward Work Programme Subject Overview and Scrutiny Committee 2:

Date of	Report Topics:
Meeting: Thurs 17 <sup>th</sup> June 9.30am	<ul> <li>Care Inspectorate Wales (CIW) Domiciliary Care Inspection Report;</li> <li>Corporate Parenting Champion Nomination report;</li> <li>Nomination to the Public Service Board Scrutiny Panel report;</li> <li>Draft Outline Forward Work Programme.</li> </ul>
Thurs 15 <sup>th</sup> July 9.30am	Social Services and Wellbeing Strategic Programme (followed by Thematic reports one to each meeting via a rolling programme as below)
Thurs 23 <sup>rd</sup> Sep 9.30am	First Theme – Wellbeing * (including Partnerships****) - Early help and Permanence Strategy - Re-commissioning Regulated Care and Support at Home
Wed 10 <sup>th</sup> Nov 9.30am	Second Theme – People - voice and control** (including Partnerships****)  Workforce including Stress related sickness – would like to include in this the SSWB workforce programme priorities of retention and recruitment, workforce planning (including reviews of skill mix) and career pathways and training and development  Embedding strength based practice in adult and children's services
Mon 13 <sup>th</sup> Dec 9.30am	Medium Term Financial Strategy & Budget Proposals
Wed 2 <sup>nd</sup> Feb 9.30am	Third theme – Prevention *** (including Partnerships****)  Progress in delivering priorities for wellbeing, leisure and cultural services in Bridgend.
	Mental Health Strategy

An explanation of the themes in the Forward Work Programme is provided overleaf.

## The following Briefing Session is requested:

Financial Assessments for all social care packages be arranged for Members of the Committee, to include what happens when the person does not have capacity and Health Board funded care and nursing care funding.

NB. The Annual Safeguarding Report and Violence against Women, Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence (WAWDASV) report has been included in the Forward Work Programme for the Corporate Overview and Scrutiny Committee for Dec/Jan.

#### Explanation of the Four Themes:

The four themes included in the draft Forward Work Programme above are the key principles of the Social Services and Well-being (Wales) Act 2014, which also form the foundation of Care Inspectorate Wales' inspection and performance review activity, and are set out below for Members' information:

- \* **Well-being** To what extent are local authorities promoting well-being, ensuring people maintain their safety and achieve positive outcomes that matter to them? Including timely step down of children from local authority care, supporting older people to return home from hospital.
- \*\*People voice and control How well are local authorities ensuring people, carers and practitioners are having their voices heard, making informed choices, and maintaining control over their lives? How is this balanced with the recommendations and requirements made by Public Health Wales and Welsh Government? Can the local authority demonstrate learning is used to inform new ways of working?
- \*\*\*Prevention To what extent are local authorities successful in promoting prevention and reducing need for increased or formal support from statutory agencies? Including taking all necessary steps to support the upbringing of the child by the child's family and supporting people with mental health issues before they reach crisis.
- \*\*\*\*Partnerships To what extent are local authorities able to assure themselves the step change in opportunities for partnership working are positively exploited to maximise person-centred planning, ensure integrated service delivery and service sustainability. Opportunities include recent learning from digital advances, partnership working and ability of the health and social care system to advance at scale and pace and work towards a Healthier Wales.

# **Subject Overview & Scrutiny Committee 2**

# **RECOMMENDATIONS MONITORING ACTION SHEET**

Date of Meeting	Agenda Item	Action	Responsibility	Outcome
21 April 2021	Safeguarding Children and Adults during Covid-19	The Committee concluded by making a number of recommendations.	Scrutiny / Corporate Director SS&W / Cwm Taf Morgannwg Health Board	ACTIONED – responses received circulated to Members. Remaining responses from Health Board circulated to Members.
17 June 2021	Forward Work Programme	The Committee requested further information in respect of the July report.	Scrutiny	ACTIONED – Request emailed to Officers.
		The Committee requested an update on the requirements for Members to complete DSE's.	Scrutiny / Chief Officer - Legal, HR & Regulatory Services	ACTIONED – An email has been circulated to all Members with a link to the DSE e-learning module, assessment and guidance.
		The Committee requested an update on what was happening with them with regards to remote/home/face to face working for Members in the coming year. The Committee requested consideration be given for Members to have the appropriate length of meetings/breaks.		ACTIONED – a response has been emailed to Members of the Committee.

Date of Meeting	Agenda Item	Action	Responsibility	Outcome
15 July 2021	Strategic Programme for People in Bridgend	A briefing on Financial Assessments for all social care packages be arranged for Members of the Committee, to include what happens when the person does not have capacity and Health Board funded care and nursing care funding.	Scrutiny / Corporate Director SS&W	ACTIONED – Request for Briefing added to the FWP.
	Forward Work Programme Update	A letter be sent from the Chair of the Committee to the Chair and Chief Executive of Cwm Taf Morgannwg University Health Board (CTMUHB) to request a response for information requested regarding the Safeguarding report received at the April Committee.	Scrutiny / CTMUHB	ACTIONED – Letter sent to CTMUHB and response circulated to Committee Members.